

2016 Global Corruption Barometer (GCB)

People and Corruption

Cambodia & Asia Pacific

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Date: 28 February 2017

Global Corruption Barometer (GCB) captures public perceptions and experiences of corruption

2016 GCB: 9th edition

Release interval: 2-3 years

GCB 2015/16 accompanied by: 5 regions (Sub-Saharan Africa, Americas, Asia Pacific, Europe and Central Asia and Middle East and North Africa)

Asia Pacific

Selected countries in Asia Pacific: 16 Countries

Sample size: 21,861 people

Period of interview: July 2015 – January 2017

Cambodia

Sample size: 1,003 adults (18+)

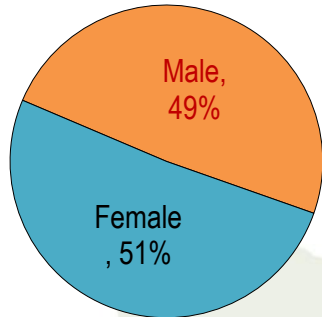
Sampling method: Random sampling

The survey is carried out face to face

Period of interview: 28 April 2016 – 19 May 2016

Demographic information

Gender



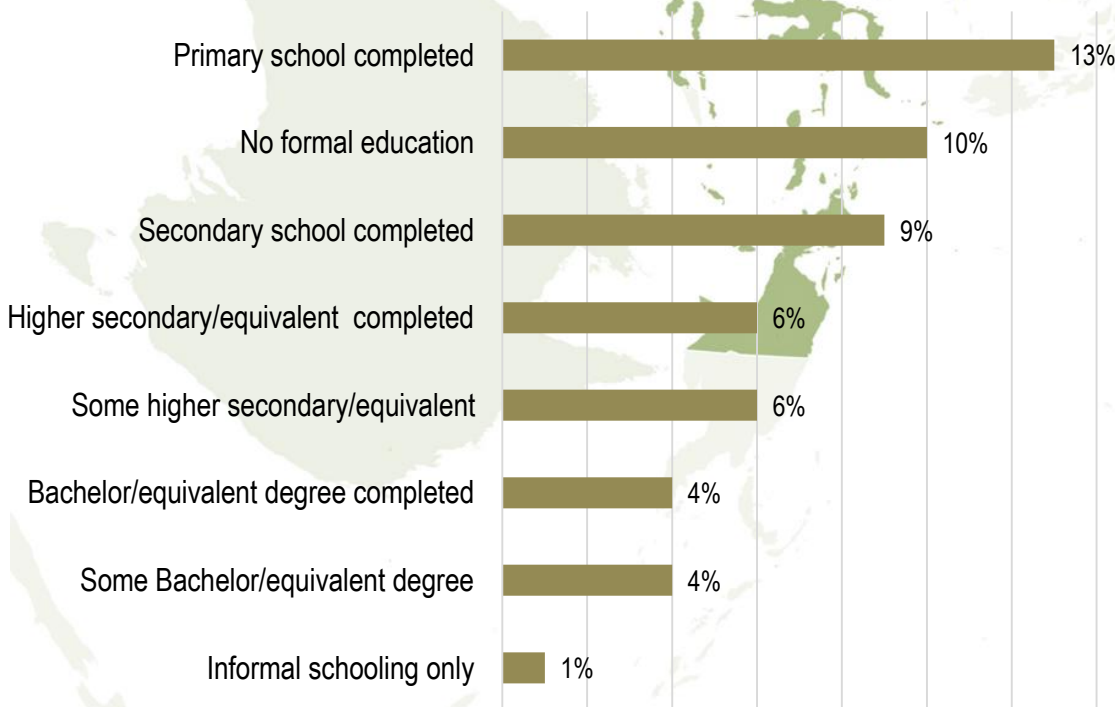
Age group



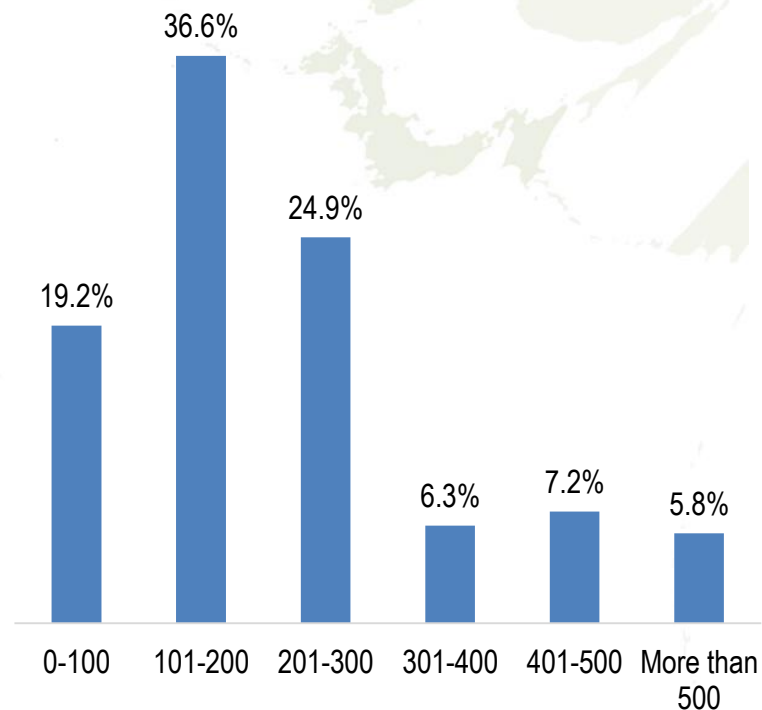
Location



Level of education



Monthly income (\$)

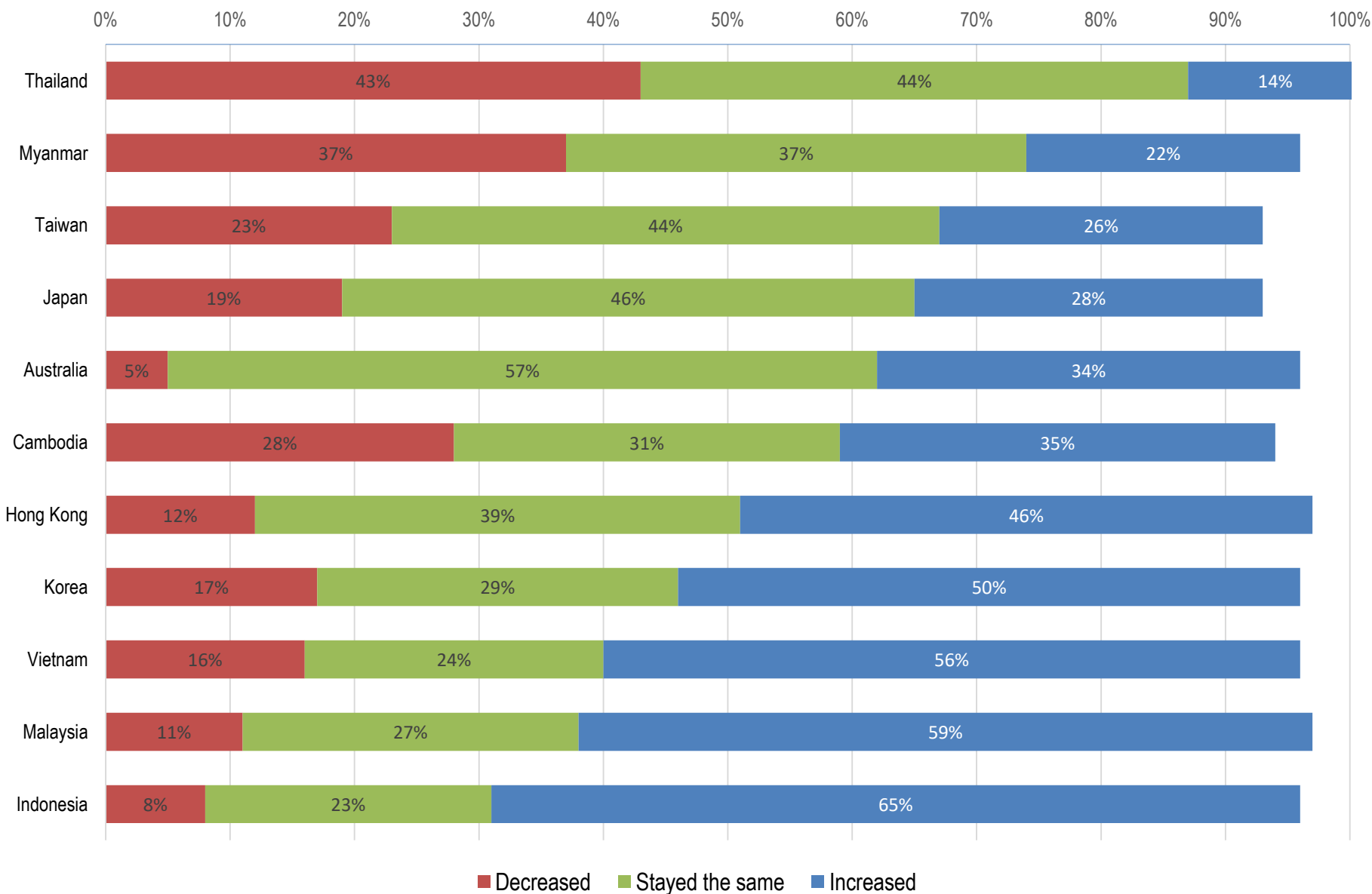




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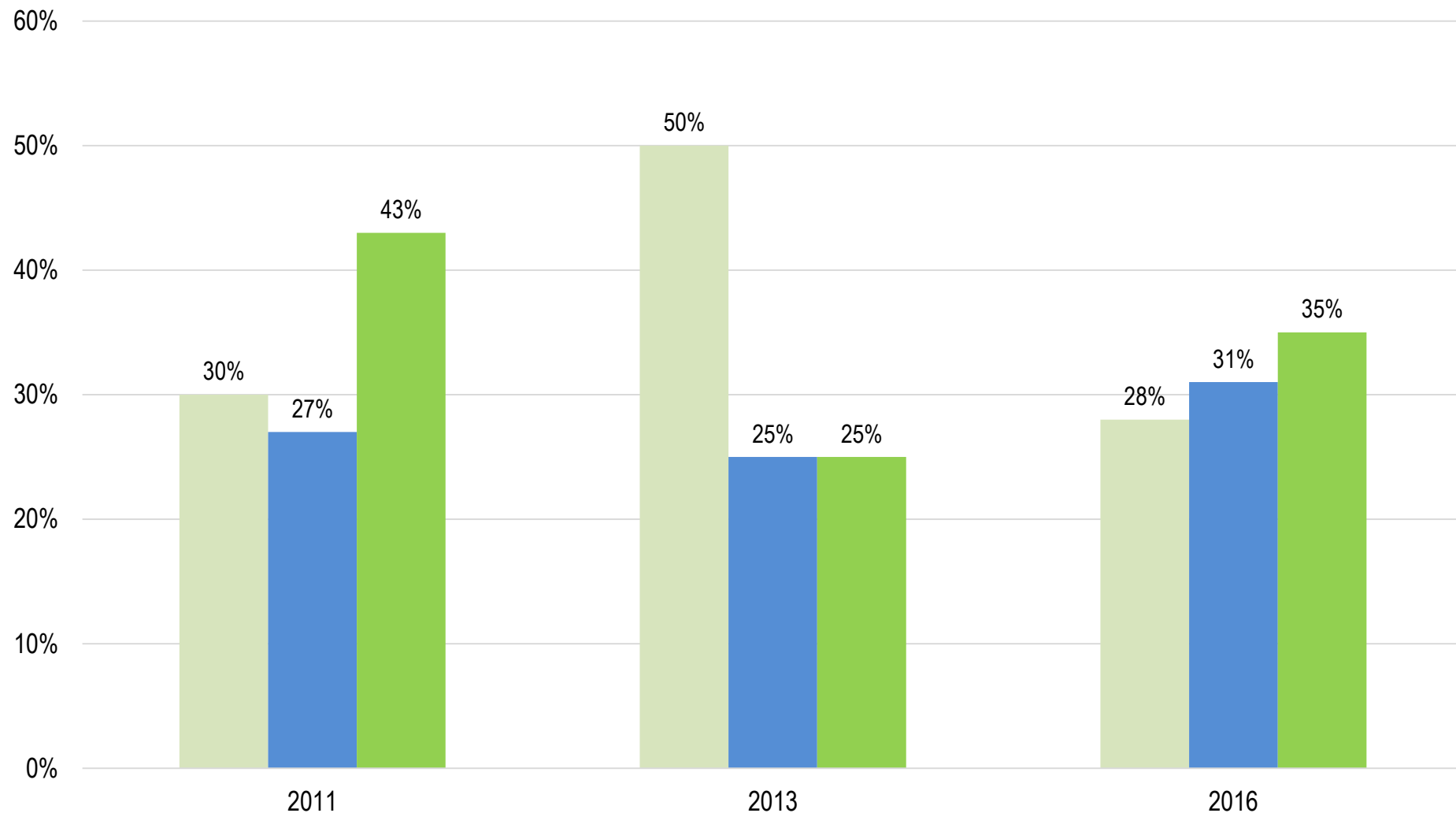
PERCEPTIONS OF CORRUPTION: GOVERNMENT ACTION

Change in level of corruption over the past year

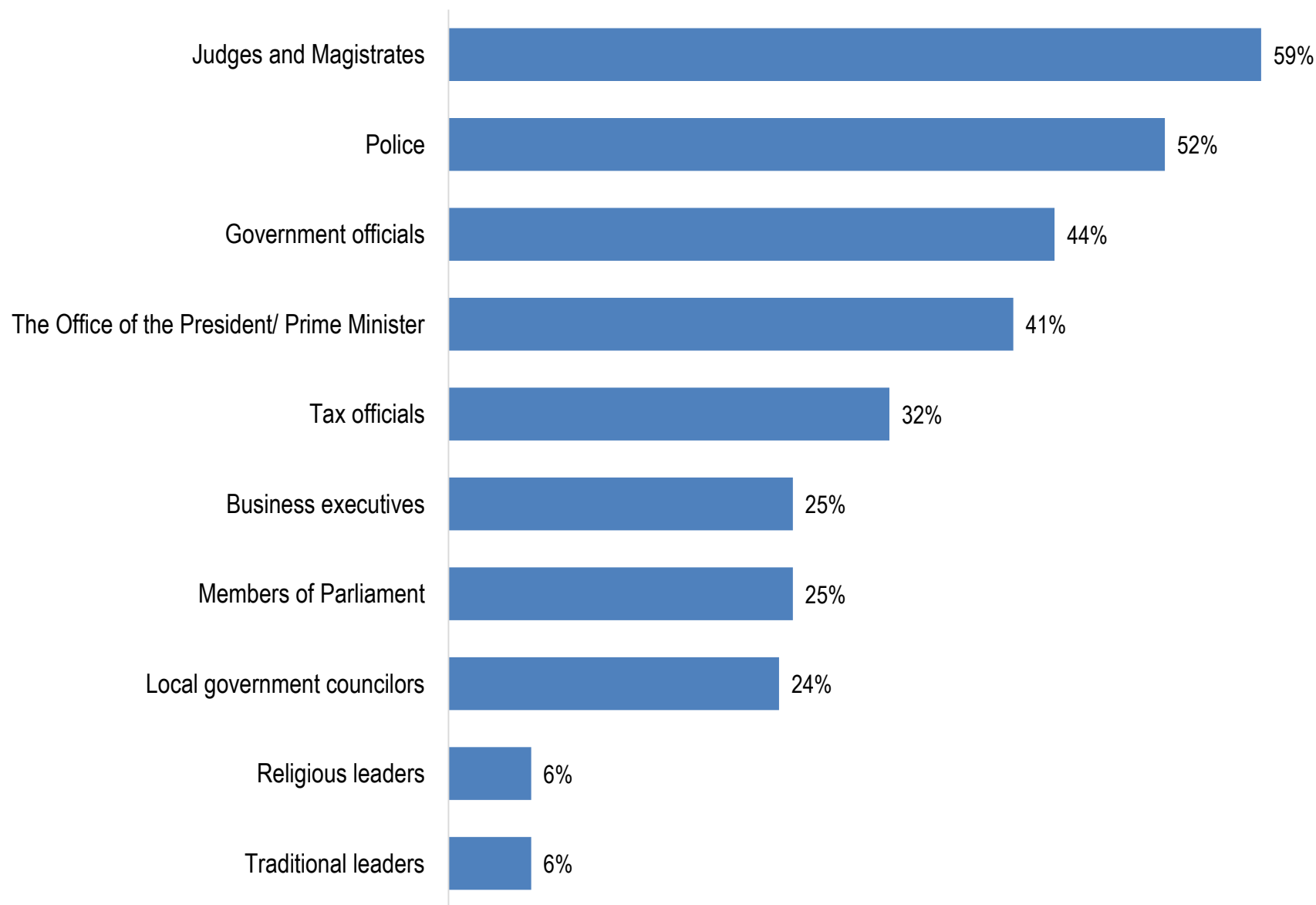


Change in level of corruption over the past years - Cambodia

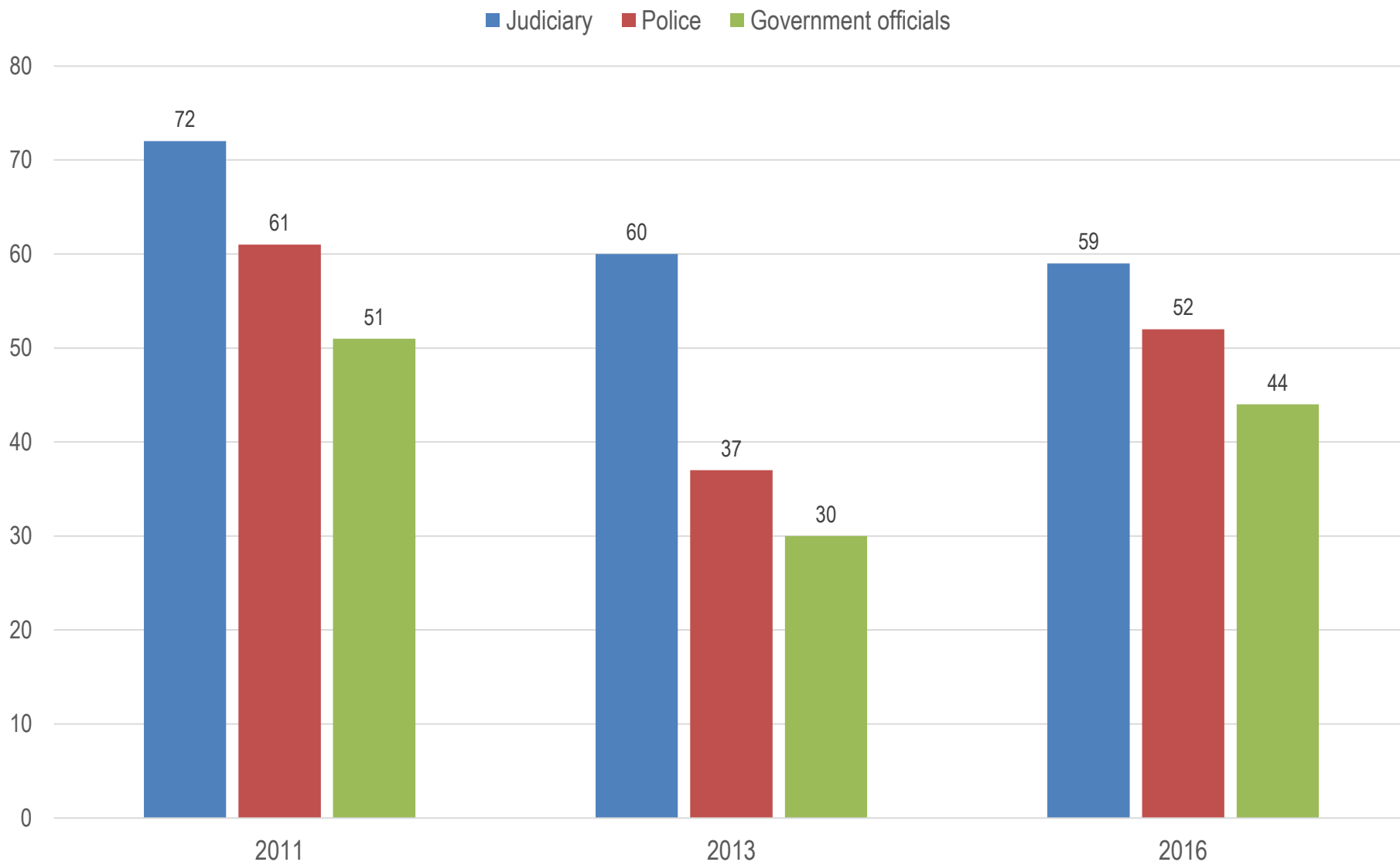
Decreased Stayed the same Increased



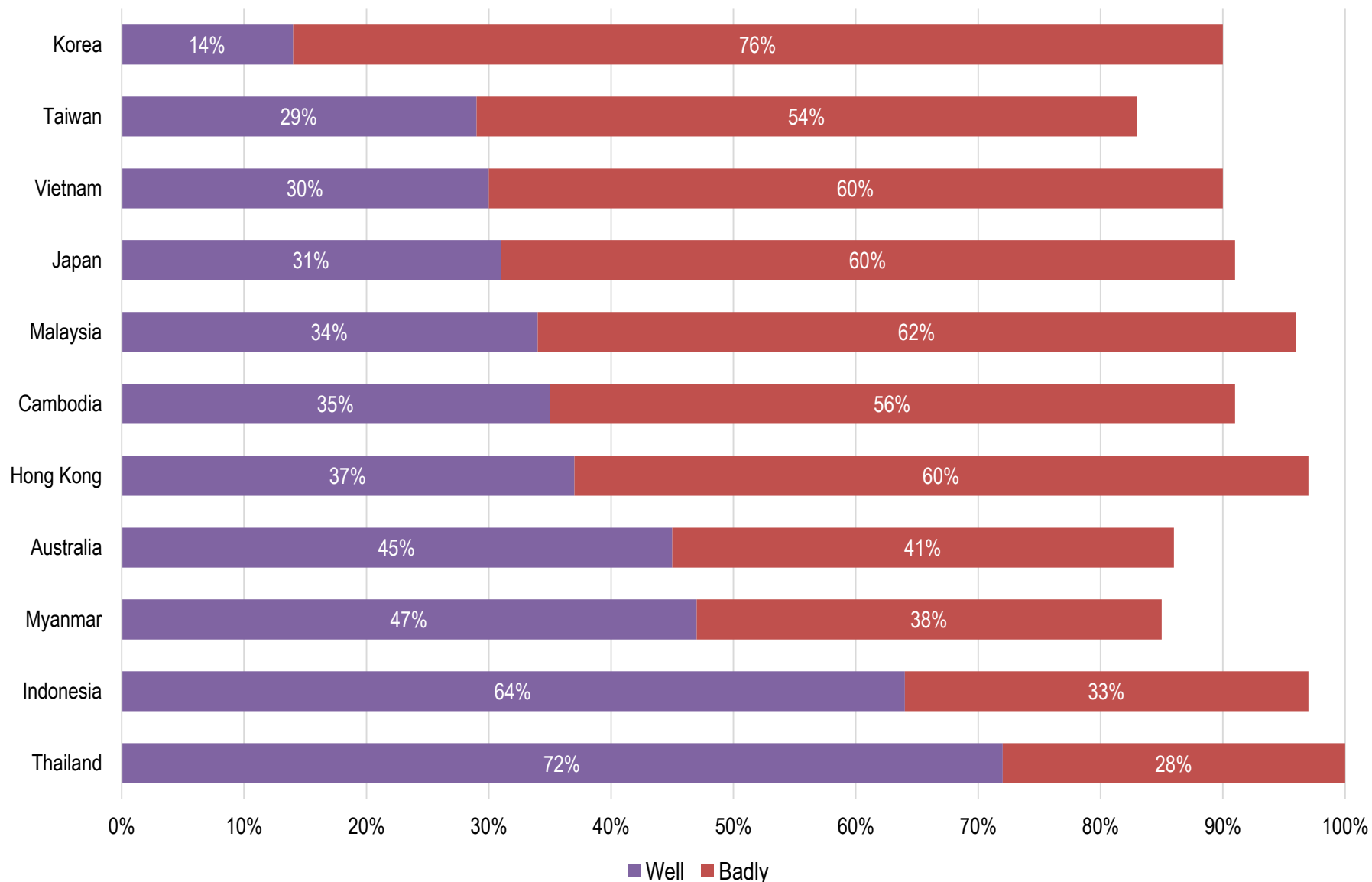
Perception of corruption, by institution - proportion that think most or all are corrupt – Cambodia



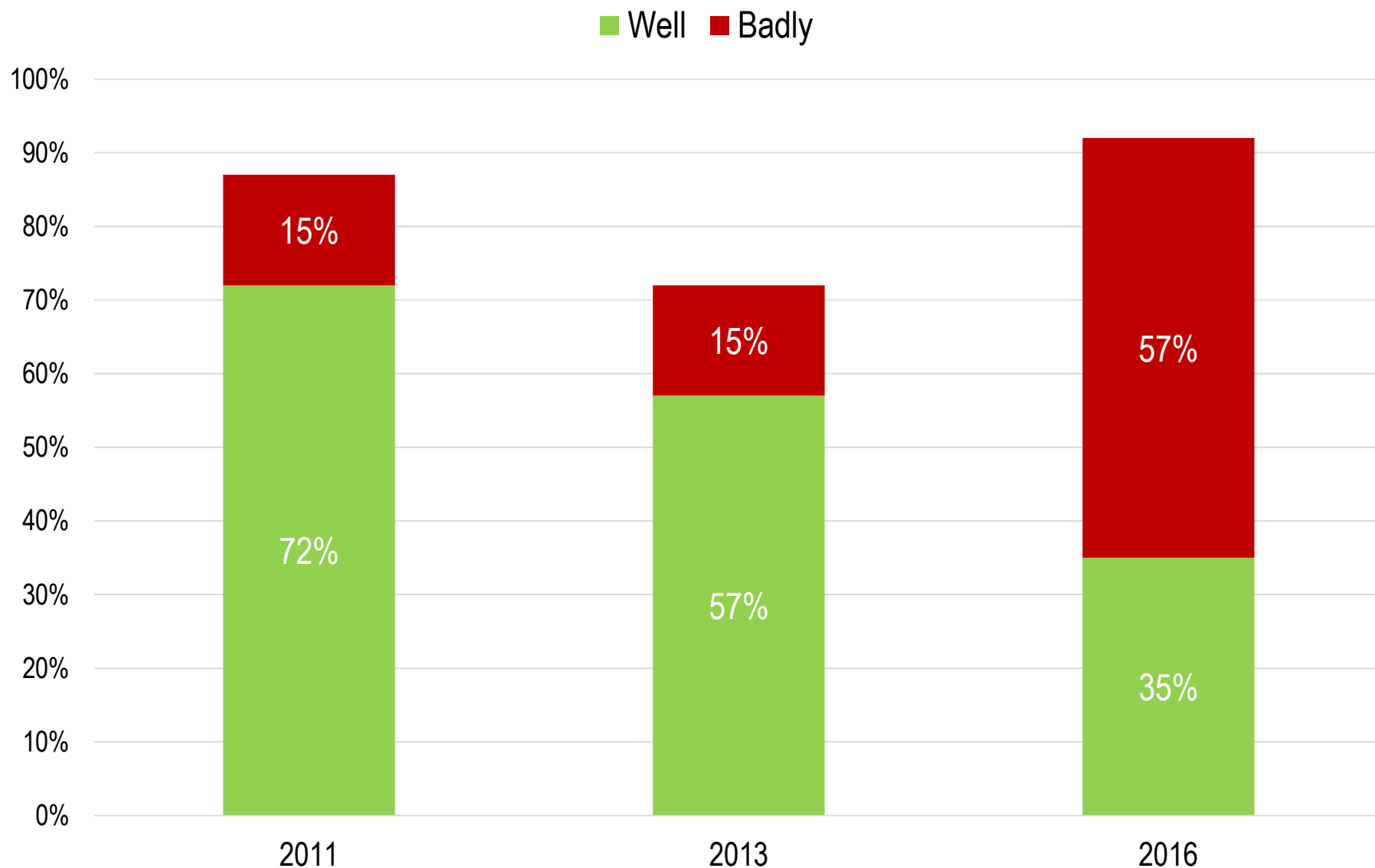
Perception of corruption, by institution - proportion that think most or all are corrupt – Cambodia (2011, 2013 & 2016)



How well or badly is the current government fighting corruption in the government – Asia Pacific



How well or badly is the current government fighting corruption in the government - Cambodia



EXPERIENCES OF CORRUPTION: BRIBERY

Service users paid a bribe to at least one of six public services in the past 12 months – Asia Pacific

Police



30%

ID, voter's card, permit



23%

Courts



23%

Public school



22%

Utilities



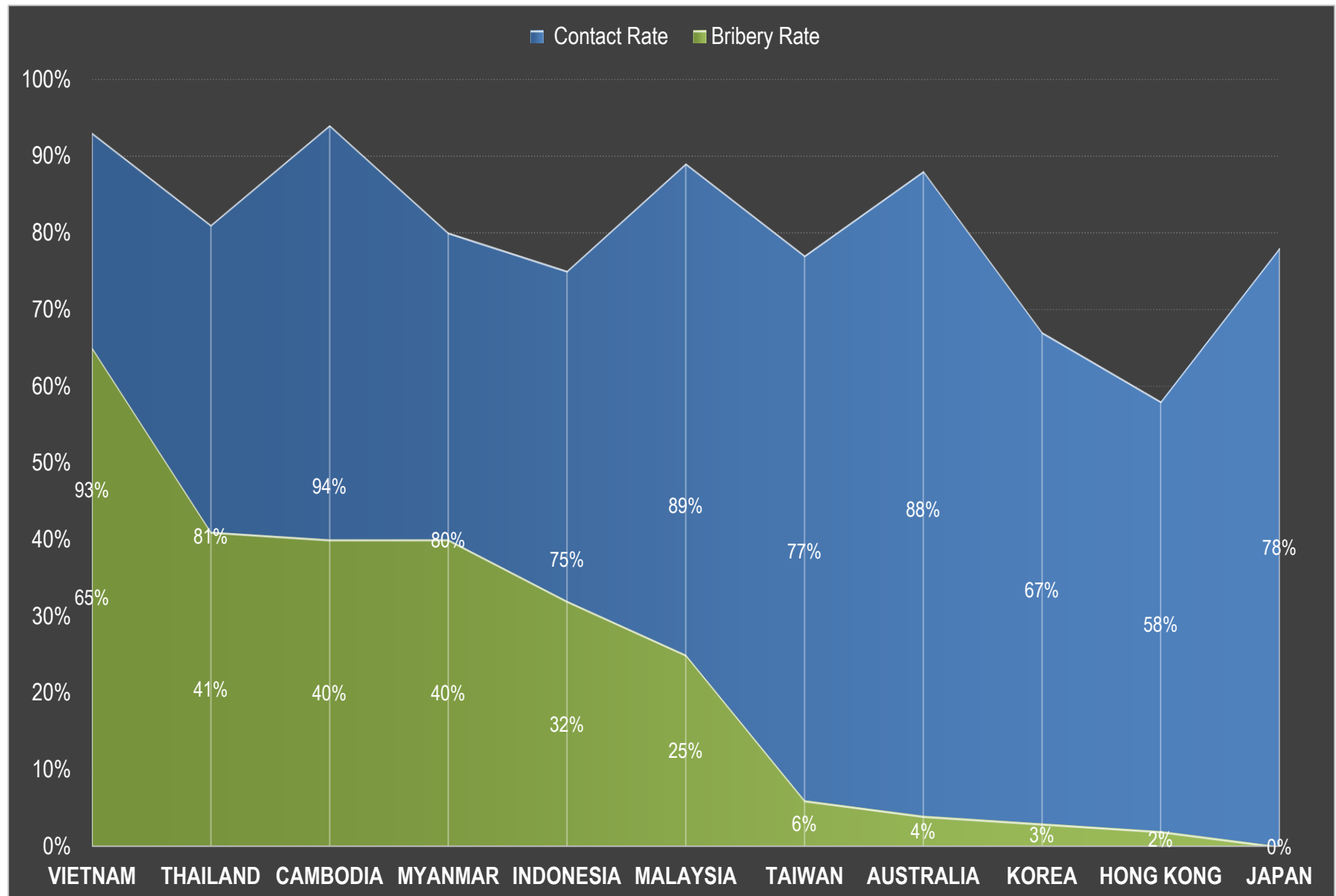
20%

Public hospital

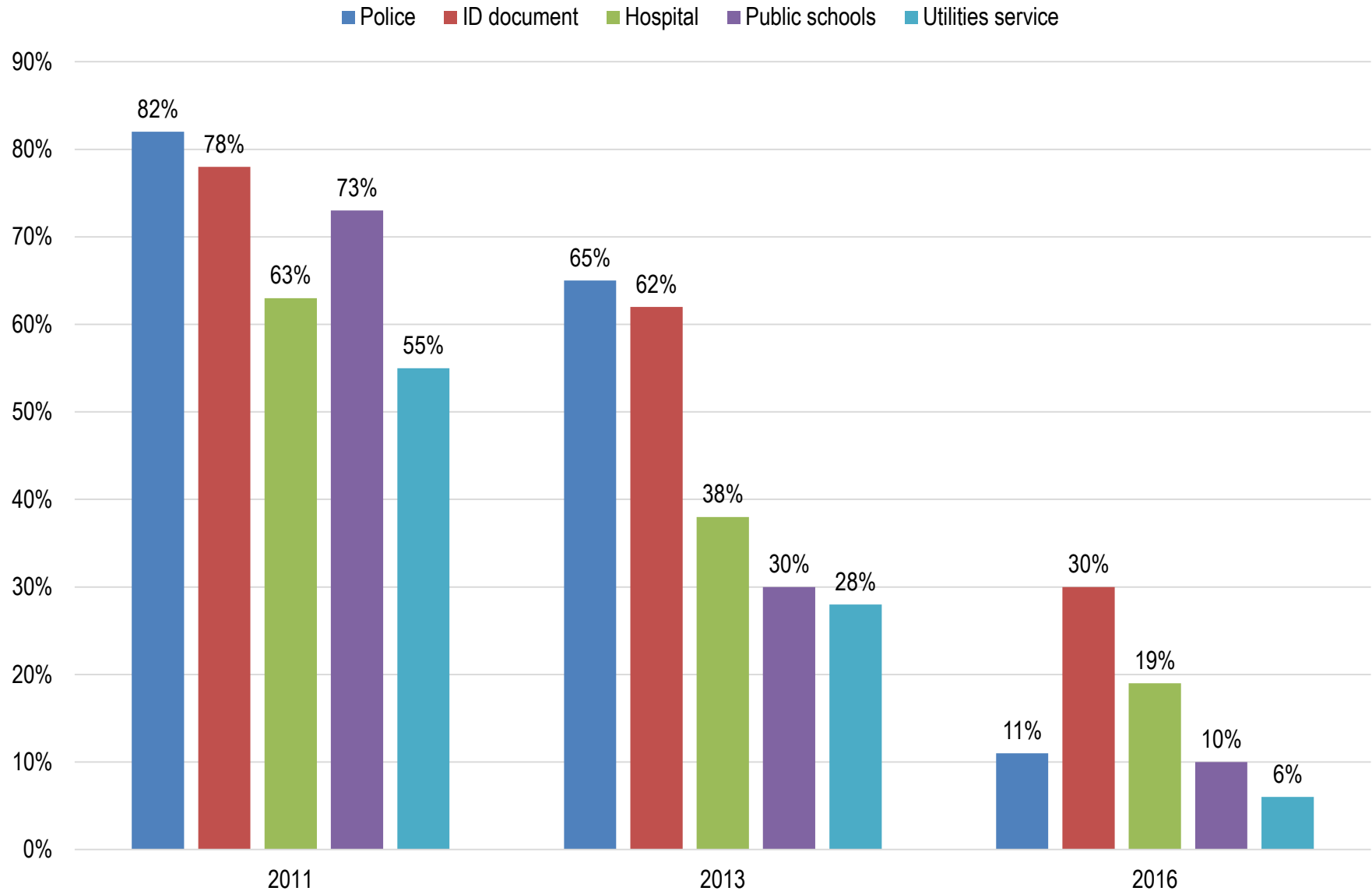


18%

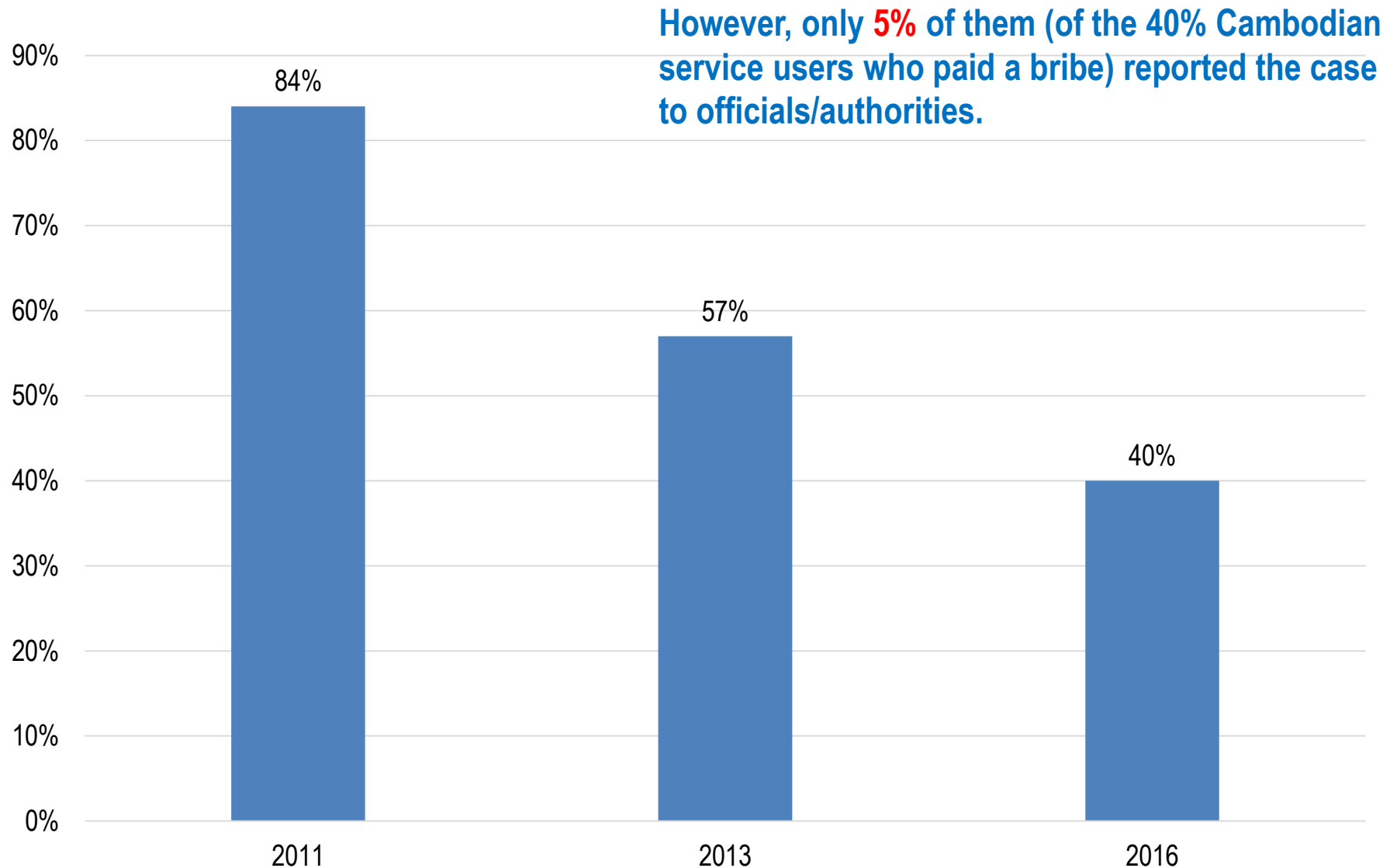
Service users paid a bribe to at least one of six public services in the past 12 months



Service users paid a bribe to five public services over the past years - Cambodia



Cambodian service users paid a bribe to at least one of six public services in the past 12 months

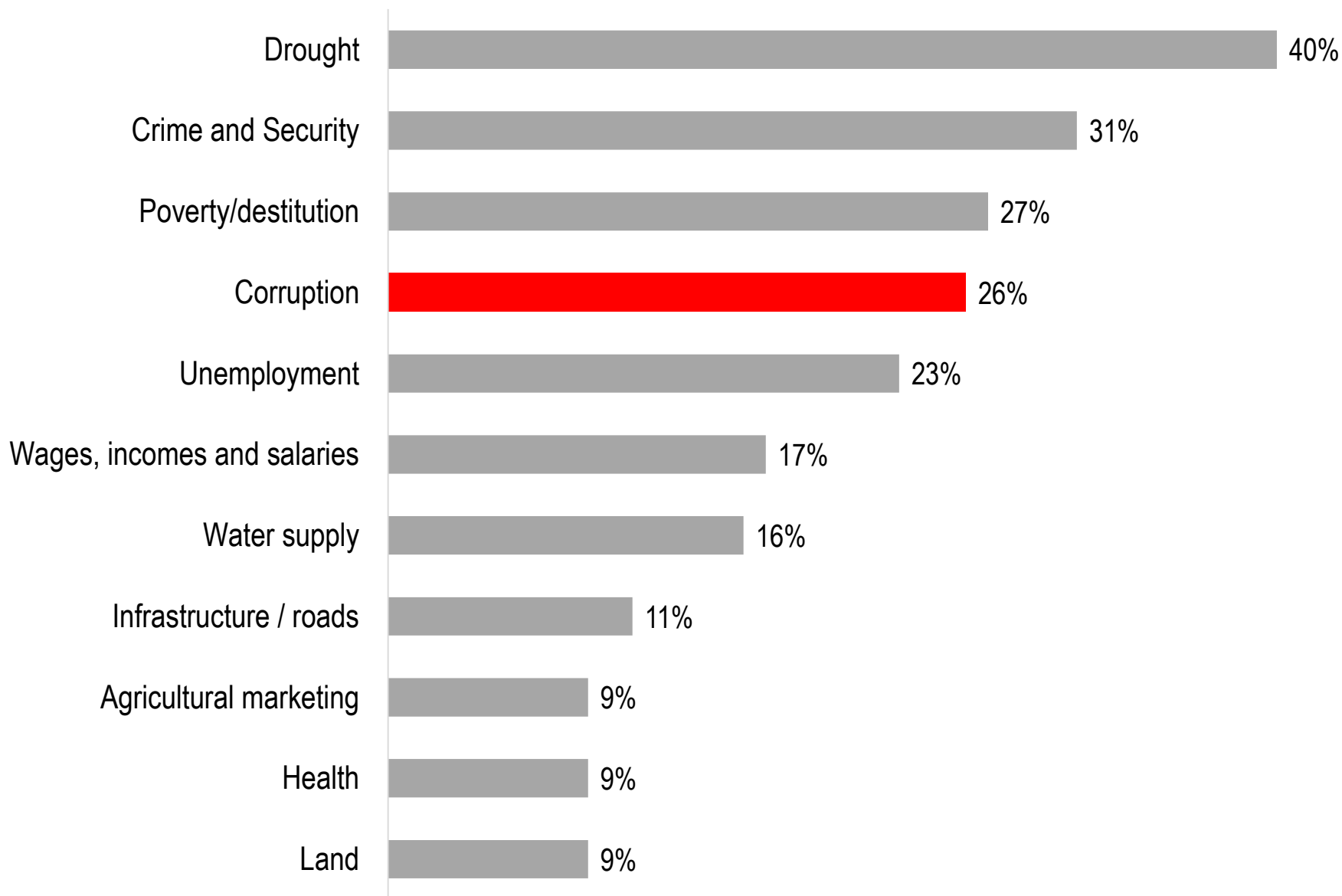




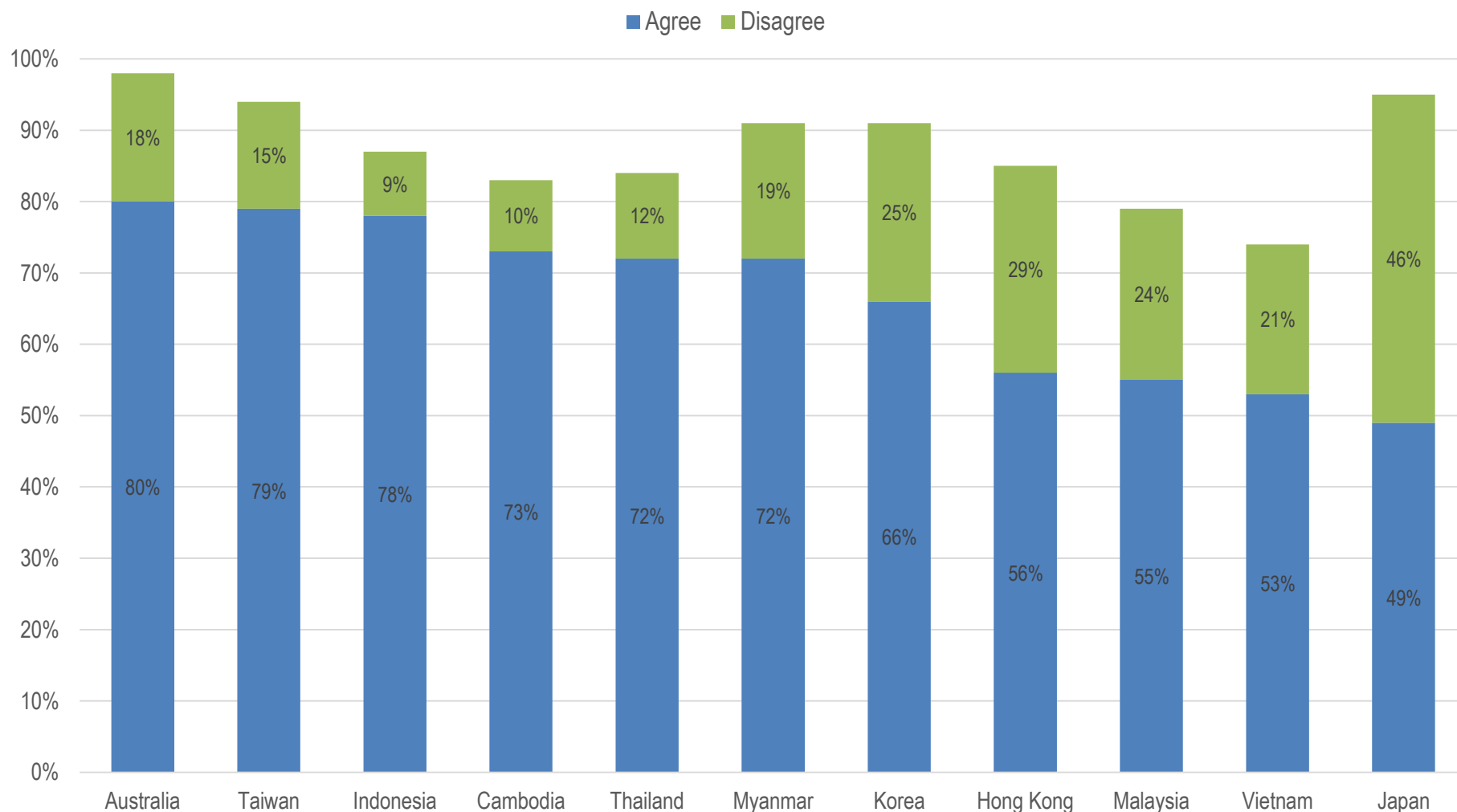
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PEOPLE SPEAKING OUT AGAINST CORRUPTION

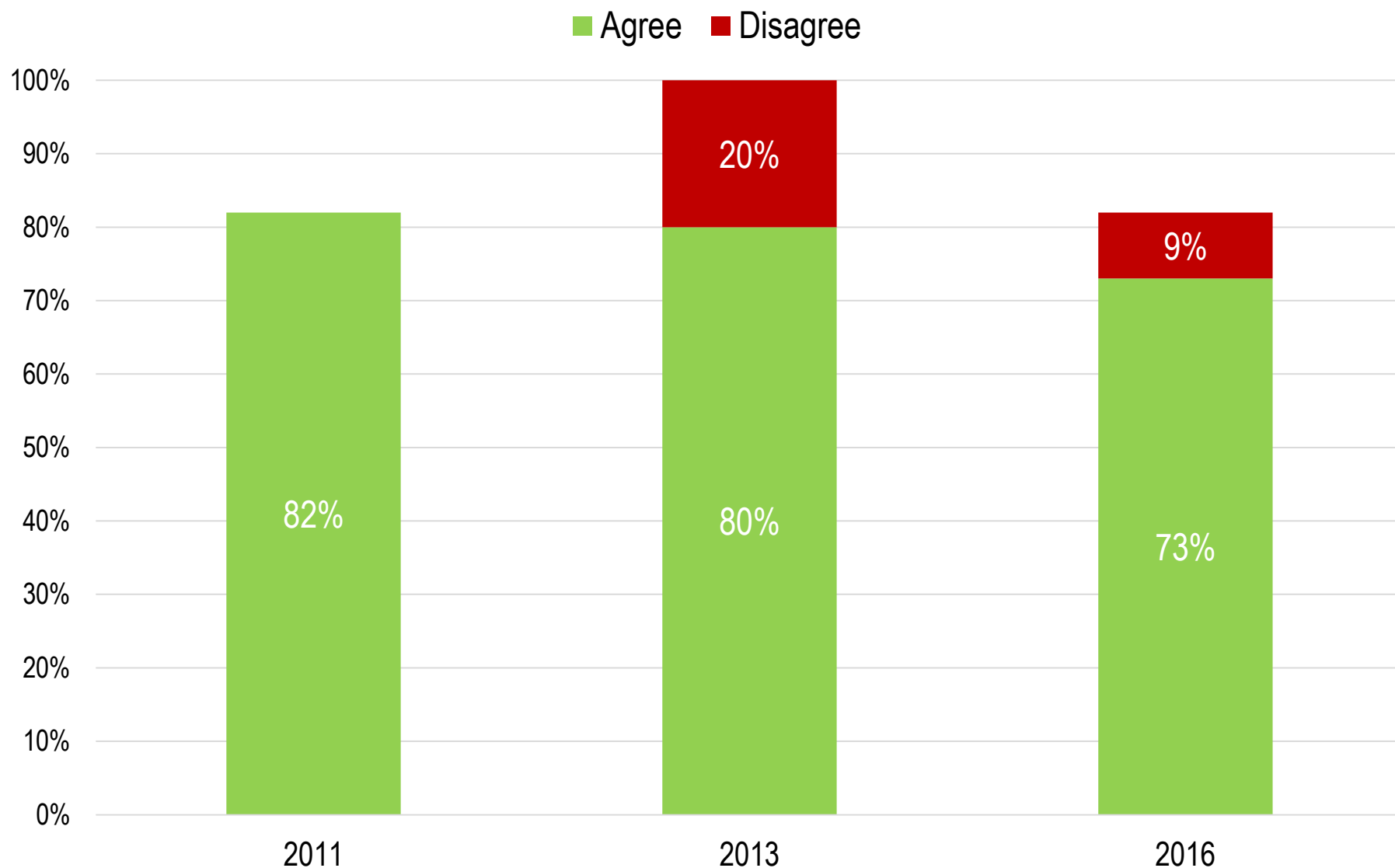
The most important problems the government should address - Cambodia



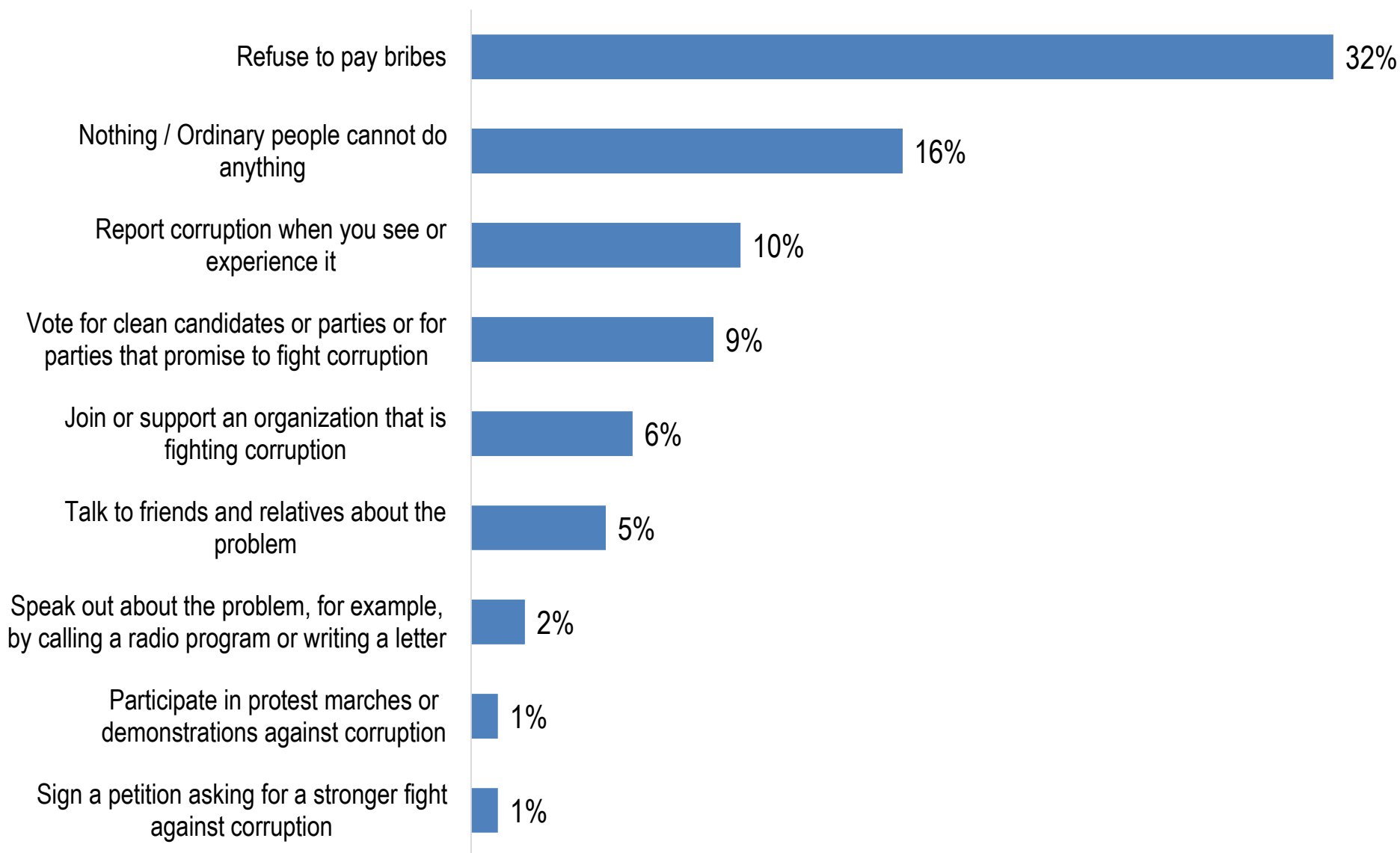
Ordinary people can make a difference in the fight against corruption



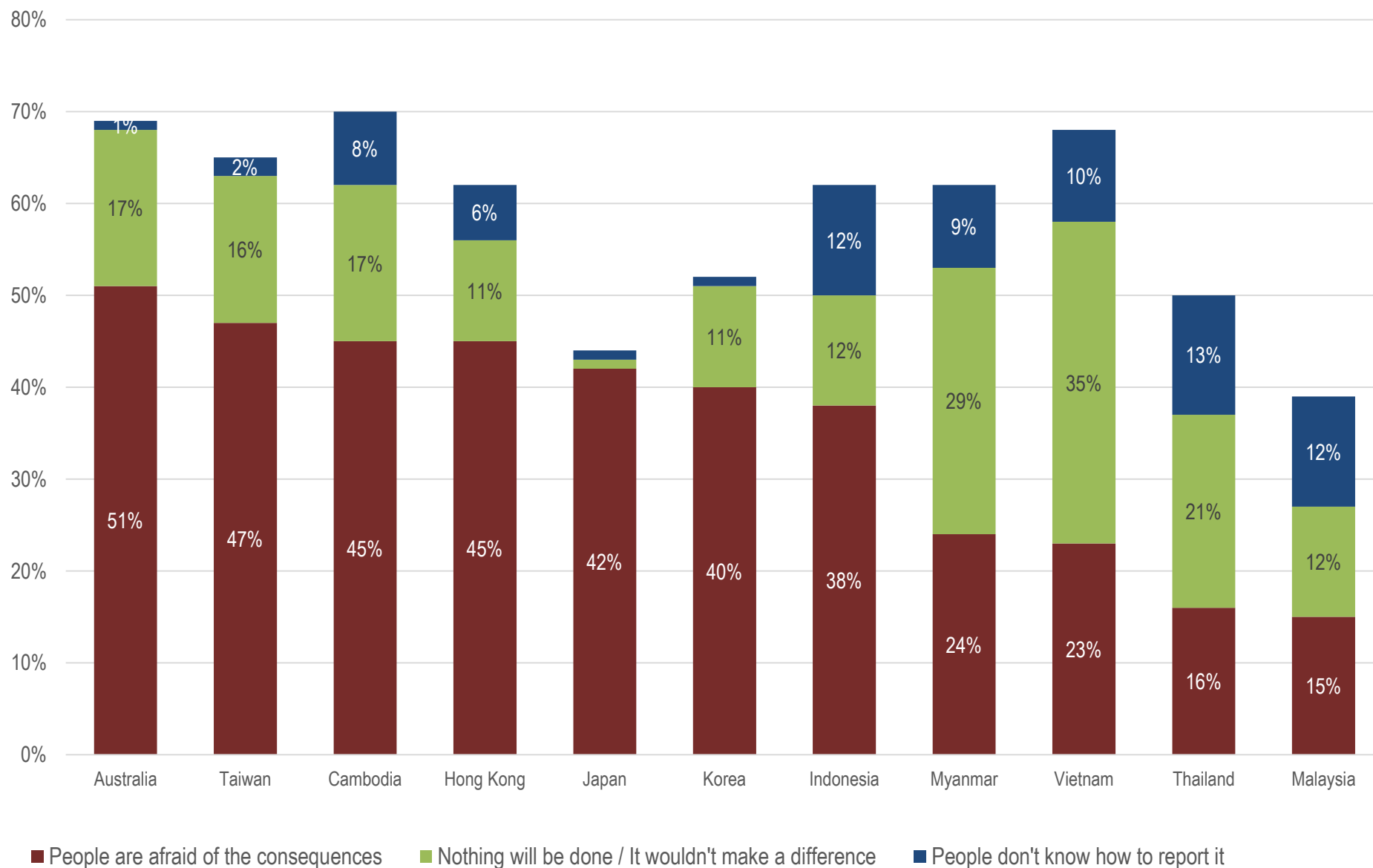
Ordinary people can make a difference in the fight against corruption - Cambodia



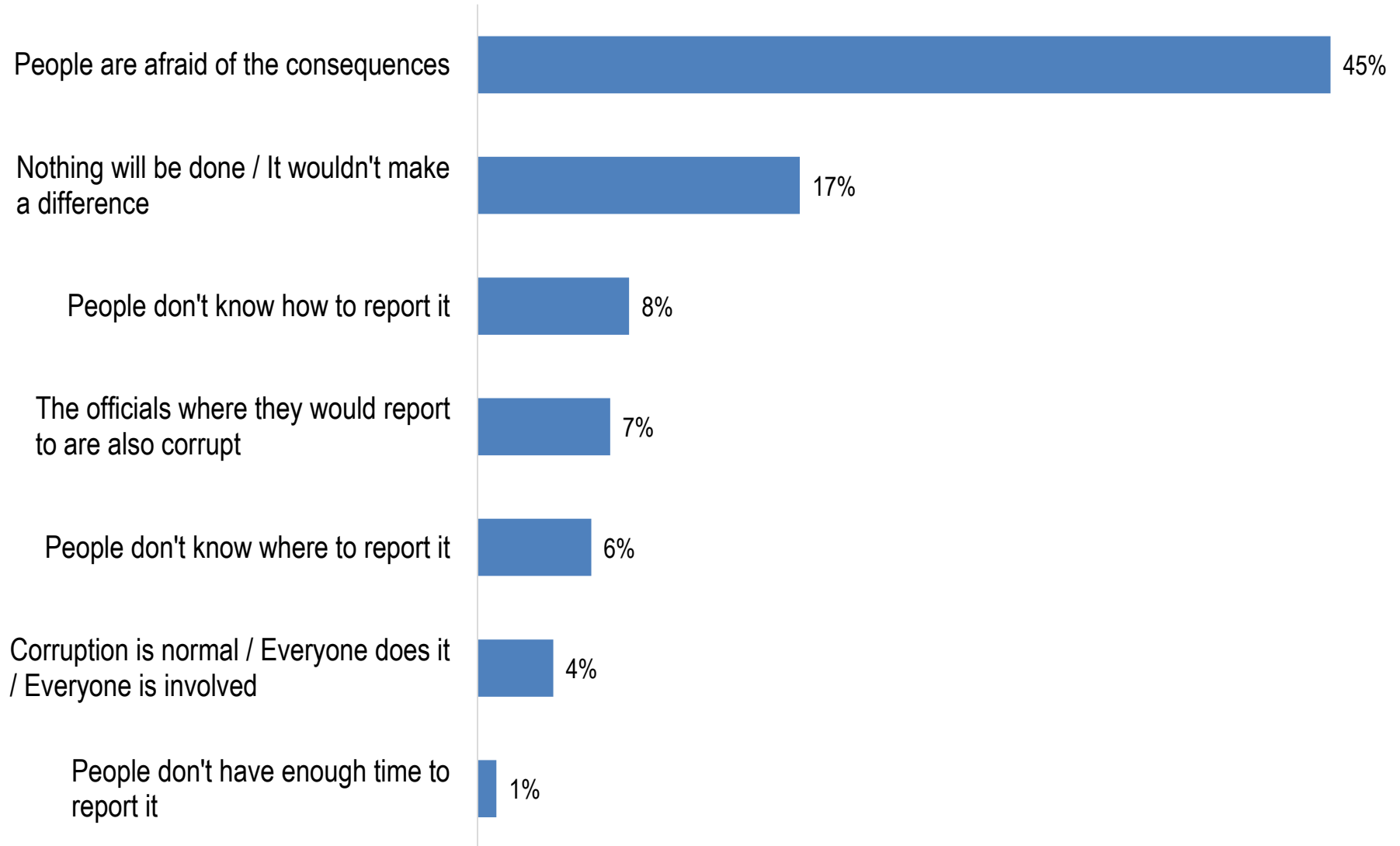
The most effective thing an ordinary person can do to fight corruption - Cambodia



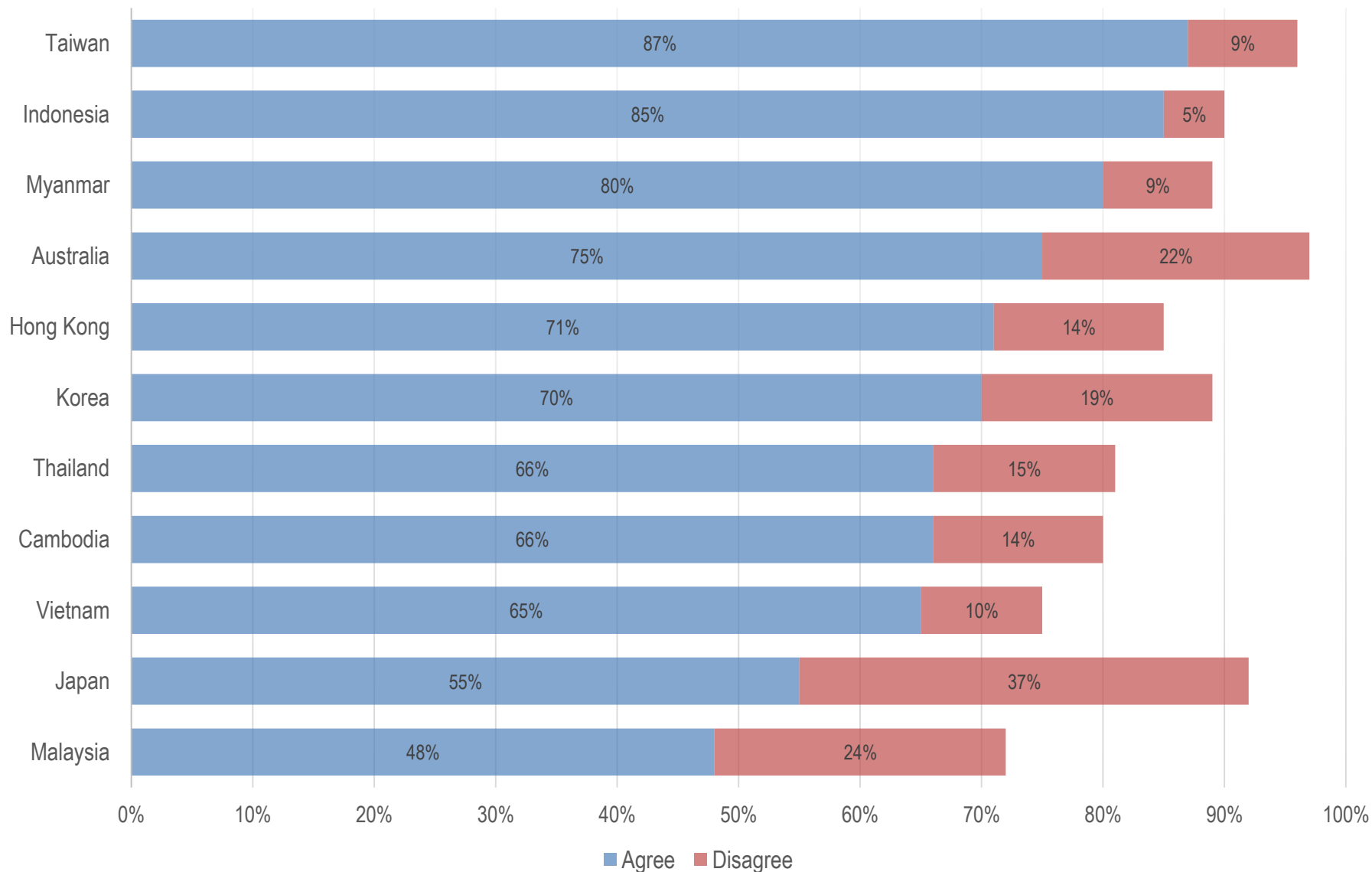
The three most important reasons for not reporting the corruption cases – Asia Pacific



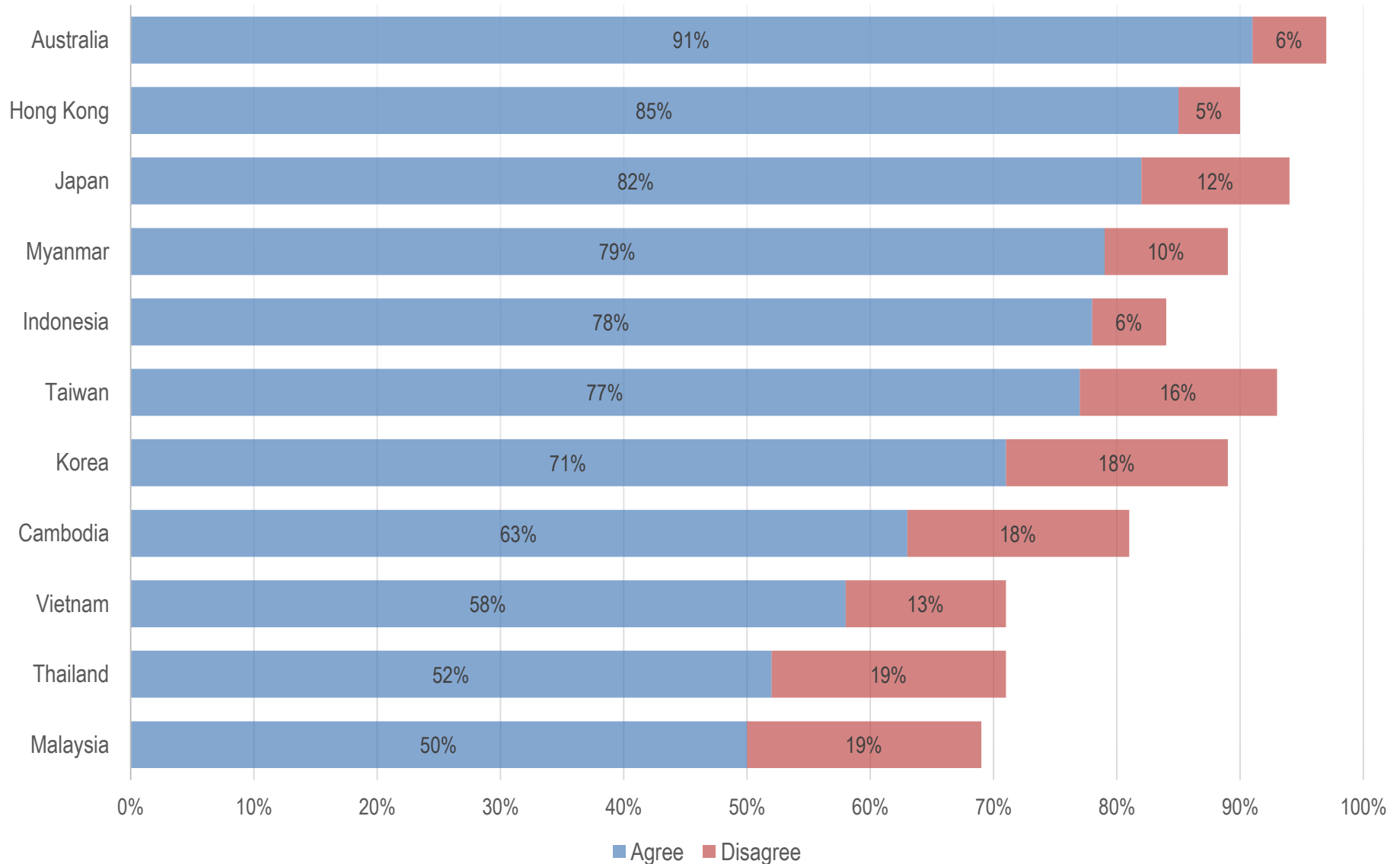
Reasons for not reporting the corruption cases - Cambodia



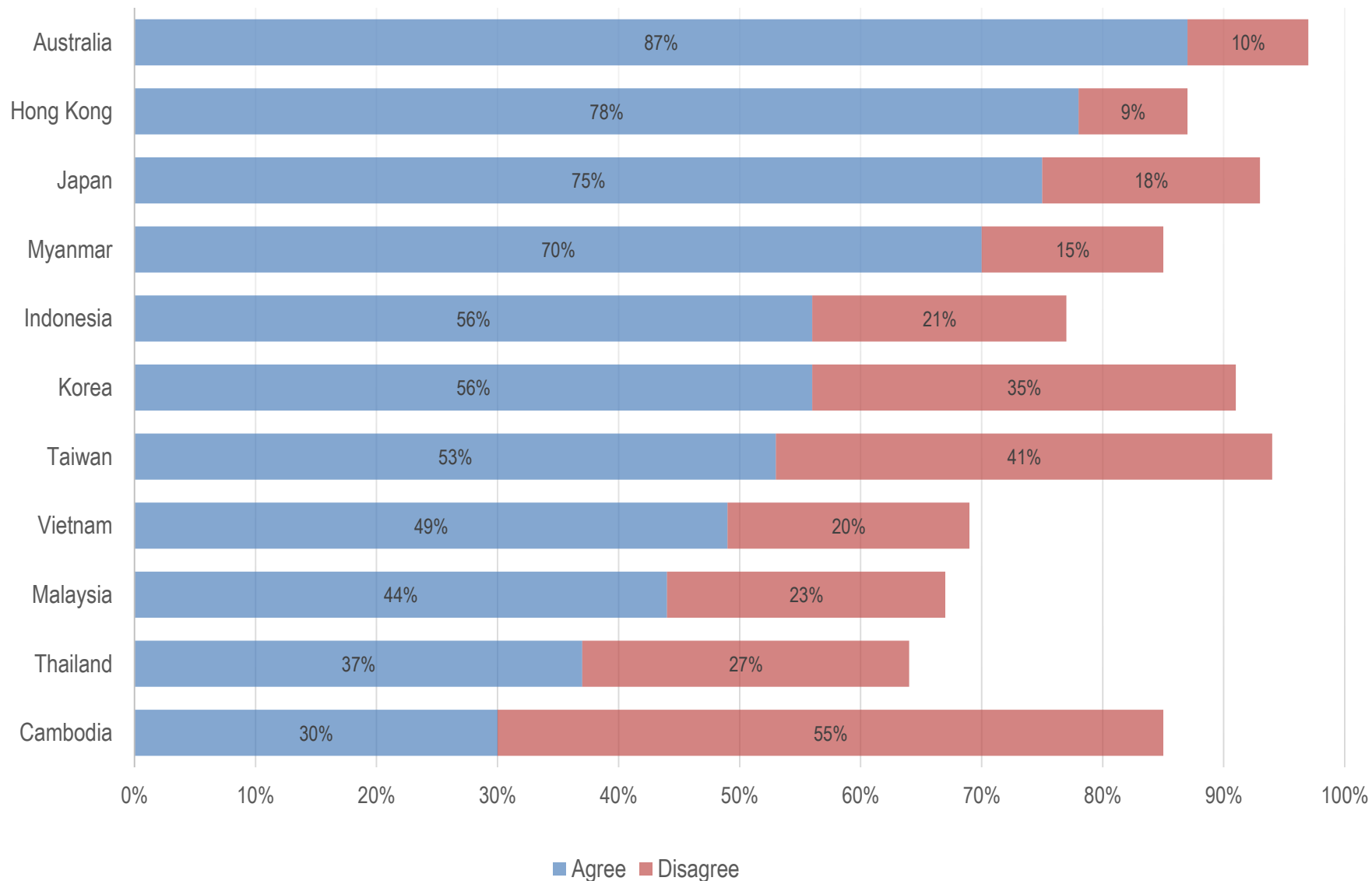
In our society it is generally acceptable for people to report a case of corruption they witness



If I would witness an act of corruption, I would feel personally obliged to report it



I would spend a whole day in court to give evidence



- Ensure independence of the judiciary and the Anti-Corruption Unit
- The government should step up its efforts in fighting corruption as the level of public trust and confidence in handling corruption is very low.
- As the public maintains high level of confidence that they can make a difference in the fight against corruption, it is necessary that the government and ACU create enabling environments and conditions for them, including for those who come forward to report corruption related cases. Ensure that those who come forward do not suffer consequences.
- Combat nepotism and conflicts of interest in public institutions.

- Timely adopt a Law on Access to Information in order to ensure maximum disclosure of information and the application of the law to all persons indiscriminately.
- Timely adopt a Law on Protection of Reporting Persons (Whistleblowers) that meets international standards.
- Amend a number of articles of the current Anti-corruption Law, including removing the possibility of imprisonment for the complainant of a corruption-related crimes.
- Promote culture of integrity, transparency and accountability across all spectrum of the society.

Thank you



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